

Vadivelu Manivannan,^a
Nagarajan Vembu,^{b,c*} Maruthai
Nallu,^b Kandasamy Sivakumar^d
and Frank R. Fronczek^e^aDepartment of Physics, Presidency College,
Chennai 600 005, India, ^bDepartment of
Chemistry, Bharathidasan University,
Tiruchirappalli 620 024, India, ^cDepartment
of Chemistry, Urumu Dhanalakshmi College,
Tiruchirappalli 620 019, Tamil Nadu, India,
^dDepartment of Physics, Anna University,
Chennai 600 025, India, and ^eDepartment of
Chemistry, Louisiana State University, Baton
Rouge, LA 70803-1804, USA

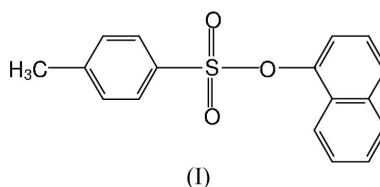
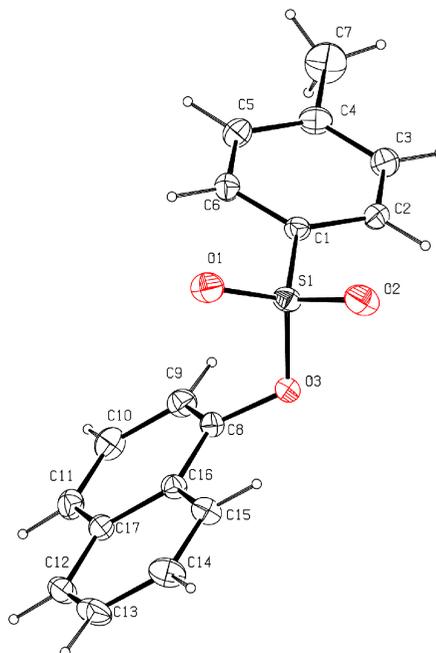
Correspondence e-mail: vembu57@yahoo.com

Key indicatorsSingle-crystal X-ray study
 $T = 120$ K
Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å
 R factor = 0.036
 wR factor = 0.092
Data-to-parameter ratio = 17.0For details of how these key indicators were
automatically derived from the article, see
<http://journals.iucr.org/e>.**1-Naphthyl 4-toluenesulfonate: supramolecular
aggregation through weak C—H···O and C—H··· π
interactions**In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_3\text{S}$, the
dihedral angle between the mean planes of the 4-tolyl and 1-
naphthyl rings is $45.05(4)^\circ$. The supramolecular aggregation is
completed by the presence of intermolecular C—H···O and
C—H··· π interactions.

Received 7 December 2004

Accepted 25 January 2005

Online 5 February 2005

CommentAromatic sulfonates have biological importance (Yachi *et al.*,
1989; Spungin *et al.*, 1992; Tharakan *et al.*, 1992; Alford *et al.*,
1991; Jiang *et al.*, 1990; Narayanan & Krakow, 1983). The
crystal structure of the title compound, (I), was determined for
this reason.The S—C, S—O and S=O bond lengths (Table 1) are
comparable with those found in related structures (Vembu,
Nallu, Garrison & Youngs, 2003*a,b,c,d,e,f*; Vembu, Nallu,
Spencer & Howard, 2003*a,b,c,d,e,f,g*; Vembu *et al.*, 2003;
Vembu, Nallu, Durmus *et al.*, 2004*a,b,c*).**Figure 1**
The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability
ellipsoids.

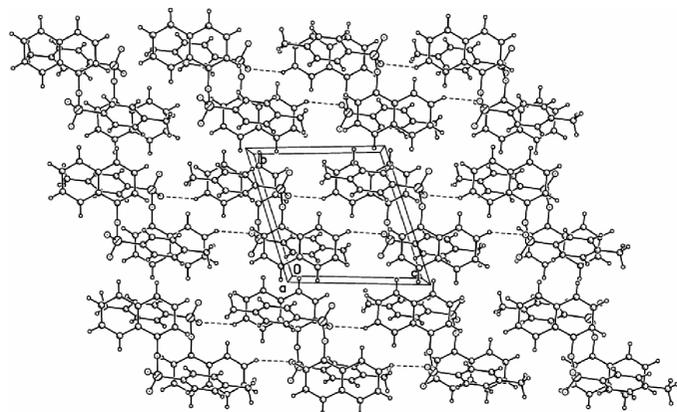


Figure 2
Packing of the the title compound, viewed down the *a* axis

The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1 and selected geometric parameters are given in Table 1. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the 4-tolyl and 1-naphthyl rings is $45.05(4)^\circ$. This contrasts with the near coplanar orientation observed in 2,4-dinitrophenyl 4-toluenesulfonate (Vembu, Nallu, Garrison & Youngs, 2003*a*), 4-methoxyphenyl 4-toluenesulfonate (Vembu *et al.*, 2003) and 8-quinolyl 3-nitrobenzenesulfonate (Vembu, Nallu, Spencer & Howard, 2003*e*).

The crystal structure of (I) is stabilized by weak C—H \cdots O (Fig. 2 and Table 2) and C—H \cdots π interactions. The range for the H \cdots O distances found in (I) agrees with those found for weak C—H \cdots O bonds (Desiraju & Steiner, 1999).

Experimental

4-Toluenesulfonyl chloride (4.7 mmol), dissolved in acetone (4 ml) was added dropwise to 1-naphthol (4.2 mmol) in aqueous NaOH (2.5 ml, 10%) with constant shaking. The precipitated title compound (3.2 mmol, yield 76%) was filtered off and recrystallized from aqueous ethanol.

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{14}O_3S$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 298.34$	$D_x = 1.372 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.8693(10) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 3629 reflections
$b = 9.3982(10) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.5\text{--}30.0^\circ$
$c = 9.7112(10) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 70.446(4)^\circ$	$T = 120 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 71.335(4)^\circ$	Fragment, tan
$\gamma = 81.831(8)^\circ$	$0.40 \times 0.27 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
$V = 722.12(14) \text{ \AA}^3$	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	12 785 measured reflections
with an Oxford Cryosystems	4173 independent reflections
Cryostream cooler	3618 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω scans with κ offsets	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.017$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.1^\circ$
(SCALEPACK; Otwinowski &	$h = -12 \rightarrow 12$
Minor, 1997)	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.934$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.982$	$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$
 $S = 1.05$
 4173 reflections
 246 parameters
 All H-atom parameters refined

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0371P)^2 + 0.2951P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.36 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.43 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$).

S1—O2	1.4244 (9)	S1—C1	1.7513 (11)
S1—O1	1.4296 (9)	O3—C8	1.4105 (14)
S1—O3	1.6068 (9)		
O2—S1—O1	120.59 (6)	O1—S1—C1	109.43 (6)
O2—S1—O3	103.28 (5)	O3—S1—C1	103.66 (5)
O1—S1—O3	108.74 (5)	C8—O3—S1	119.57 (7)
O2—S1—C1	109.69 (6)		
O2—S1—O3—C8	158.11 (8)	C1—S1—O3—C8	−87.46 (9)
O1—S1—O3—C8	28.90 (10)		

Table 2

Hydrogen-bonding geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$Cg1$, $Cg2$ and $Cg3$ are the centroids of rings C1—C6, C8—C11/C16/C17 and C12—17, respectively.

$D\text{—}H\cdots A$	$D\text{—}H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—}H\cdots A$
C3—H3 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.968 (17)	2.975 (17)	3.7990 (16)	143.8 (12)
C6—H6 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.986 (16)	2.621 (16)	3.4334 (15)	139.8 (12)
C7—H7A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96 (3)	2.69 (3)	3.515 (2)	144.1 (18)
C14—H14 \cdots O1 ^{iv}	0.976 (18)	2.509 (18)	3.3231 (16)	140.8 (14)
C2—H2 \cdots Cg2 ^v	0.973 (16)	2.68	3.36	127
C3—H3 \cdots Cg3 ^v	0.968 (17)	2.83	3.40	119
C5—H5 \cdots Cg3 ^{vi}	0.998 (17)	2.86	3.55	127
C6—H6 \cdots Cg2 ^{vi}	0.986 (16)	3.01	3.62	121
C11—H11 \cdots Cg1 ^{vii}	0.960 (17)	2.78	3.49	132

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, 2-y, 2-z$; (ii) $1-x, 1-y, 2-z$; (iii) $x, y, 1+z$; (iv) $1-x, 1-y, 1-z$; (v) $-x, 1-y, -z$; (vi) $1-x, 1-y, -z$; (vii) $x, y-1, z$.

All H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and their positions and displacement parameters were refined.

Data collection: COLLECT (Nonius, 1997); cell refinement: DENZO and SCALEPACK (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: DENZO and SCALEPACK; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The purchase of the diffractometer was made possible by Grant No. LEQSF(1999–2000)-ESH-TR-13, administered by the Louisiana Board of Regents.

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